

DATA-NET

-- The UFO Amateur Radio Network --

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LIBRARY: UFO books are available from the Control Station. New additions: The original radio presentation of "War of the Worlds". If you would like a copy, just send in a blank tape and we will record it for you. Library services are FREE to members only.

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DATA-NET associates all UFO related information: newspaper clippings, magazine articles, books, and sighting reports; also your suggestions, comments, theories, etc. We honor confidential requests and will return material as requested.

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POLICY: DATA-NET feels sufficient evidence has been presented to prove that unidentified flying objects exist. Our ultimate purpose is to answer the following questions: What are they? Where do they come from, and how? Why are they here?

ANNOUNCEMENTS

REWARD: \$25.00 for an authentic photograph of a flying saucer. The DATA-NET reward is posted by some of the members, consequently it is open to members only. The photo must be sufficiently clear to show items of value. Preferably, the film should be unprocessed, with as much pertinent data provided as possible.

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TYPE-1 PHENOMENA IN SPAIN AND PORTUGAL:
A STUDY OF 100 IBERIC LANDINGS

-by Vicente Ballester Olmos and Jacques Vallee

This is the first part of an article devoted to the analysis of a catalogue of Iberic landings. As a result of an unprecedented agreement, this study is also being published in France by LDLN, in Spain by STENDEK, and in England by FSR.

PART I: DATA-GATHERING AND REDUCTION

To the casual reader of UFO magazines, and even to the serious student who is mainly acquainted with the English-language literature, the structure of the Type-I phenomenon in Western Europe is a puzzling one. Most researchers now accept the validity of Aime Michel's data - so often confirmed in subsequent studies - for the French wave of 1954 (1); but it seems odd to find practically no trace of similar waves in other European countries: why should France be especially favored with landings while cases of other types are well-known to cover the entire world?

When the MAGONIA catalogue was compiled (2) special attention was paid to the acquisition of "second-generation data" (reports that previous studies had overlooked and that came to light only when effort was directed at a specific period or area) for several European countries, and indeed a fresh picture was produced, with the recovery of numerous sightings that had remained buried in local files; the Italian phase of the 1954 wave emerged very clearly. It was also found that more recent waves had definitely occurred in Western Europe, sometimes when activity had practically died in other parts of the world.

An obvious question then presented itself: what pattern would we observe if a thorough data-gathering effort were to be initiated in a country for which very few cases had been published? With the passing of years, have people reported objects and phenomena similar to those already known to us for the countries we have studied? Is the Iberic Type-I picture going to fit within the overall view, as a long-lost piece of a puzzle? If we meet with surprises, how would cases be distributed geographically and in time?

An opportunity to ask these questions presented itself early in 1970 when Aime Michel suggested that the authors collaborate on the analysis of a mass of previously unpublished Spanish material. The study was a painstaking one, yet we can only claim preliminary results. We did, however, bring a measure of organization to the data, and in the process we have developed an perfected a method that is simple and general enough to be useful to researchers elsewhere. The first part of this article, then, will describe the techniques used in gathering and reducing the data, from which a sample of one hundred landing cases was selected for extensive computer treatment. The second part will present the results of the analysis to date.

A. UFO Research in Spain: Current status

The burden for documenting Iberic reports and bringing them to the attention of researchers elsewhere has been principally carried by one man, Mr. Antonio Ribera, for many years. His books, unfortunately, are only available in Spanish (3), but his

frequent contributions to FSR have received wide attention. From his writings, and from other reports that had been obtained by French researchers, half a dozen Iberic landing reports have been publicized in various journals and they were gathered in the MAGONIA catalogue (nos. 113, 278, 328, 347, 725 and 769). The reader will see that these represented only the tip of the iceberg, and that a large wave took place in 1968/69, adding a considerable number of reports.

Ribera repeatedly pointed out that more detailed analyses of Iberic landings were needed, but this undertaking was delayed by the absence of specialized Type-I oriented research, by linguistic difficulties and a lack of communication with other countries for which the Spanish researchers cannot be blamed: several groups of very dedicated people were quietly at work in Spain all these years, and our analysis is merely a summary and a tribute to their activity. Therefore it is appropriate to identify these groups and to acknowledge their contribution before describing our data. They will be listed in chronological order, from the oldest to the most recently-formed organization.

CEI: CENTRO DE ESTUDIOS INTERPLANETARIOS

Apartado 282, Barcelona, Spain

Founded in October 1958 by Marius Llequet, Antonio Ribera and Eduardo Buelta, the group conducted very active investigations and published serious analyses, including the first attempt to establish mathematically a correlation between UFO activity and the proximity of Mars to the Earth (Buelta). After a period of low activity, CEI was reorganized in 1968, adopting new statutes and establishing modern offices in Barcelona. It attracted many young members, and is now developing its archives, has a network of over 200 correspondents, and publishes a professionally-printed magazine named STENDEK. Its investigation program currently centers on the very important Spanish wave of 1950.

CEONI: CIRCULO DE ESTUDIOS SOBRE OBJETOS NO IDENTIFICADOS

Colégio Mayor A. Salazar. Paseo al Mar, 27, Valencia-10

Founded by Ballester Olmos in February 1968, after three years of background documentation; this group is trying to develop a scientific approach to the problem and strives to maintain a reputation for truthfulness, integrity and high level of work. It is not classified as a "club" but as a working group and does not support any hypothesis regarding the nature and origin of the UFO phenomenon. Currently, its research projects are: Type-I Iberic reports (compilation, checking and global analysis); psycho-biological effects from UFOs, study of a representative sample; catalogue of UFO sightings in Spain, 1950-65; possible manifestations in History. The group has its headquarters in Valencia and delegations, members and correspondents throughout Spain.

RNC: RED NACIONAL DE CORRESPONSALES

Pureza, 69, Sevilla

Mr. Jose Ruesga Montiel and his co-workers founded this network in March 1969, with the purpose of centralizing field investigation reports from a large number of amateurs. Its current effort focuses on compilation of cases and on frequency studies.

ERIDANI-AEC: AGRUPACION DE ESTUDIOS COSMOLOGICOS

Alcala, 20, 2-20-B, Madrid 14

This group was officially started in February 1970. Among its founders are Mr. Felix Ares de Blas, Technical Director, and Mr. David G. Lopez, Director of Investigations, both science students (respectively telecommunications and aeronautics). The President of the group is Mr. Jose Luis Jordan. In its current activity, the group applies computer techniques to the overall examination of the most recent Spanish wave.

In conclusion, then, Spanish UFO Research is characterized by: 1) a strong nucleus of competent researchers, mainly devoted to field investigation, and 2) several recently-organized groups headed by experienced, often technically-oriented investigators, that have attracted a large number of enthusiastic new members. These two forms of activity have complemented each other at the occasion of the 1968 wave, to make possible the breakthrough we are now observing.

B. Examination of the sources of data

In this study, both of the authors have wished to emphasize the documentation of sources as an absolutely critical factor. This field cannot escape the general law of research, namely that hypotheses (no matter how brilliant, imaginative or novel) are utterly worthless unless they are based on records that are sufficiently documented for anyone to: I) verify the basic data, II) reconstruct the method, and III) check all the results. If ANY ONE of these steps is missing, the entire presentation falls automatically, and the next researcher must start entirely from the beginning. We must apologize to the reader for spending time discussing our sources in more detail than accepted usage would perhaps warrant in a UFO magazine; we regard this permissiveness for the sake of literary elegance and "suspense" as a serious fault. We do not mean to write a mystery story here, although there are many mysterious, and even fascinating aspects to the Iberic landings. We do mean to preserve our basic data for later studies and to avoid, in the study of European cases, the pitfall into which American UFO research has so hopelessly fallen.

The task of documentation is even more critical when dealing with landings. Therefore, full identification of sources has been appended to every case listed in the catalogue. It will be seen that two thirds of our cases have been obtained directly from the witnesses, by the investigating team, either in personal interview or by direct correspondence.

In one-third of the cases, our only channel of information was the Press or Radio. No re-investigation has taken place (although errors of date, time, and name have often been corrected by cross-checking) either because the case was too old, or because no one was available to travel to the site; many of the sightings had taken place before the re-organization of the Spanish UFO groups, as we have seen above. The following table lists the main contributions, with overlap in some cases when a given sighting is referenced by several sources.

Table 1

CEI	21 cases
CEONI	12 cases
Mr. Ribera	11 cases
Mr. Osuna	9 cases
MAGONIA	6 cases
ERIDANI	3 cases

In the catalogue itself, and following the conventions and format of MAGONIA, we have listed the source of the organization or person giving either the original reference, or the most complete document. Additional data have been contributed by individuals not previously mentioned, and we are especially indebted to Mrs. Cecilia de Puig and to Mrssrs. O. Rey, J. Merino, J. Vera, A. Felices, I. and J. Darnaude, J. Salas, J. Ruesga, F. Silva and J. Roca.

C. Selection Method

After pooling our data and reviewing them, we agreed that so much new information had come to light regarding both old and new cases that a classical analysis would be

extremely tedious and unreliable. We also thought that to be significant the study should be replaced within the framework of UFO landing phenomena world-wide. As the computerization of the MAGONIA catalogue had just been completed, it was natural to launch a joint effort on the Spanish data, even though this required mailing extensive files and computer listings back and forth across the Atlantic. Our first decision was to restrict the scope of the study to the Iberic Peninsula and the Balears (see map) excluding the Canary Islands and African territories. The analysis will thus be geographically, rather than politically oriented.

The following method was implemented at the beginning of the data-gathering phase and was not altered for the duration of the study:

- 1) As soon as information was available on a previously-unknown case, an entry would be made in the master-list, stored in machine-readable form. It was then available for modifications, indexing, cross-correlations, etc.
- 2) These cases were encoded following a very simple and readable format described in the next section. It permitted sorting by province, date, name of witnesses, location, time, presence or absence of occupants and traces; the code also indicated whether or not the reported object actually touched the ground.
- 3) Upon request from Spain, the catalogue was listed either chronologically or by Province, so that copies mailed to local investigators were always up-to-date: updated lists (both the index and the translated case summaries) were thus run on the computer and mailed back approximately once a week. One, two or sometimes three lists of updates were received per week during a six-month period as new data were acquired and as the analysis was refined.
- 4) Whenever a case was identified as a hoax or natural phenomenon, it was not simply erased but transferred to a special "negative listing" for the record.

In summary, the local investigators in Spain enjoyed a level of support quite unprecedented - similar to the support the University of Colorado had planned, but never implemented, for its scientific teams in the field. It is at this stage of the study that the computer proved very valuable, because the maintenance and re-typing of long lists of sightings would have made a manual operation quite tedious.

Approximately 130 reports of landings were examined; from this set many were identified, leading to the selection of a primary list of 106 cases. The 100 cases we finally included in the catalogue represent the best sample we could extract from this list, and is certainly typical of the general UFO phenomenon in Spain, except, as will be seen in the second part of the Analysis, in the geographical distribution of the observations.

D. Format of the main index

Table 2 is the index of the Iberic landings catalogue. It consists of a list of the important parameters of each sighting, according to the following very simple rules:

- a. The first entry is the corresponding number of the case in the MAGONIA catalogue
- b. Next comes the date, with the day of the week unless the date is approximate.
(Precise date known for 81% of the catalogue)
- c. The local time. (Known in 71% of the cases)
- d. A geographical code, where the first letter (1) designates the country, the second letter the region (see map)
- e. A three-character code, where:
 - ⓐ indicates that the object touched the ground
 - . refers to objects seen at ground level only
 - \$ designates reports of occupants
 - # signals the existence of traces
- f. Location of sighting
- g. Province

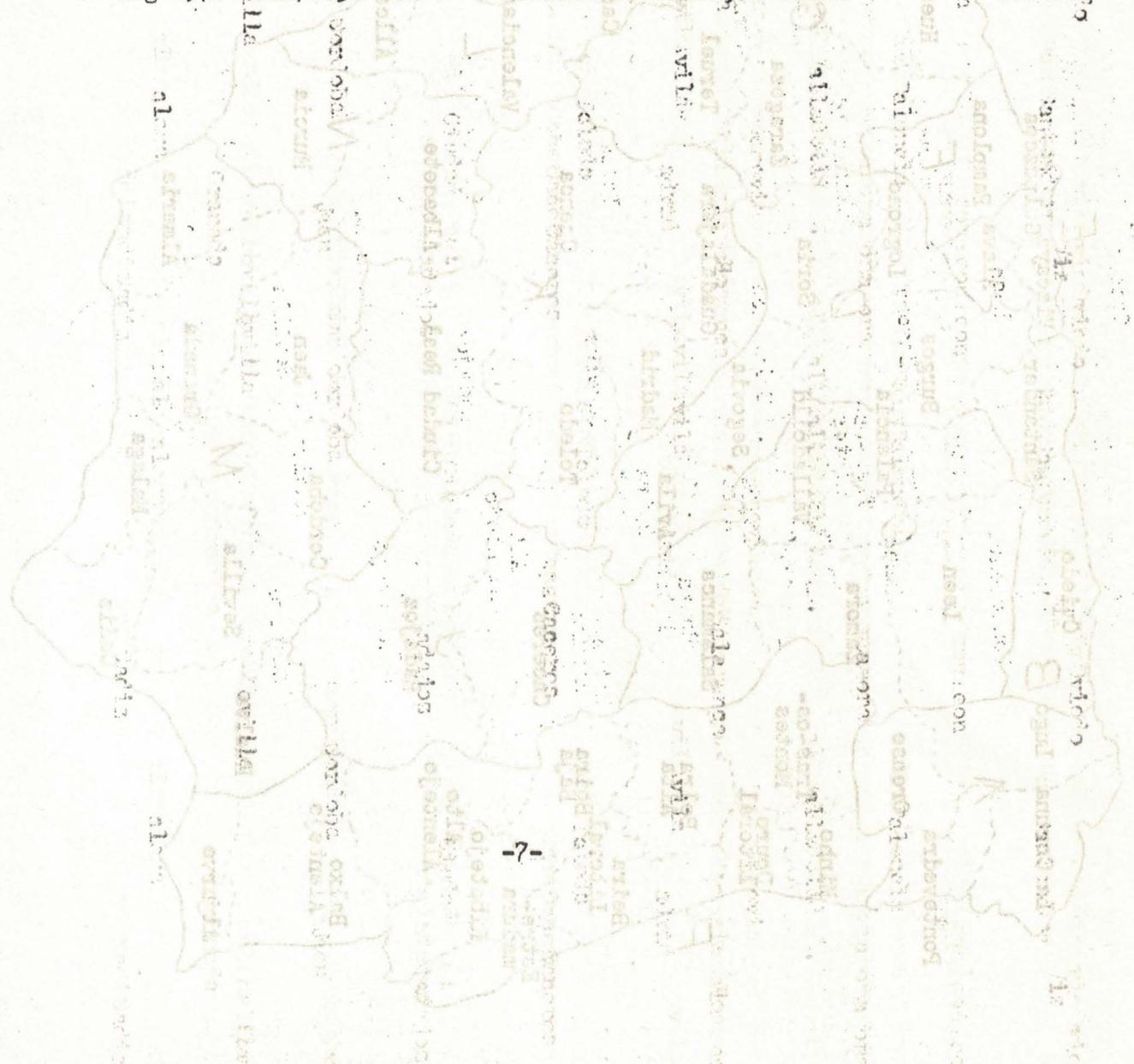
h. Names of witnesses, where XXXX refers to those whose name is known, but withheld at their request.

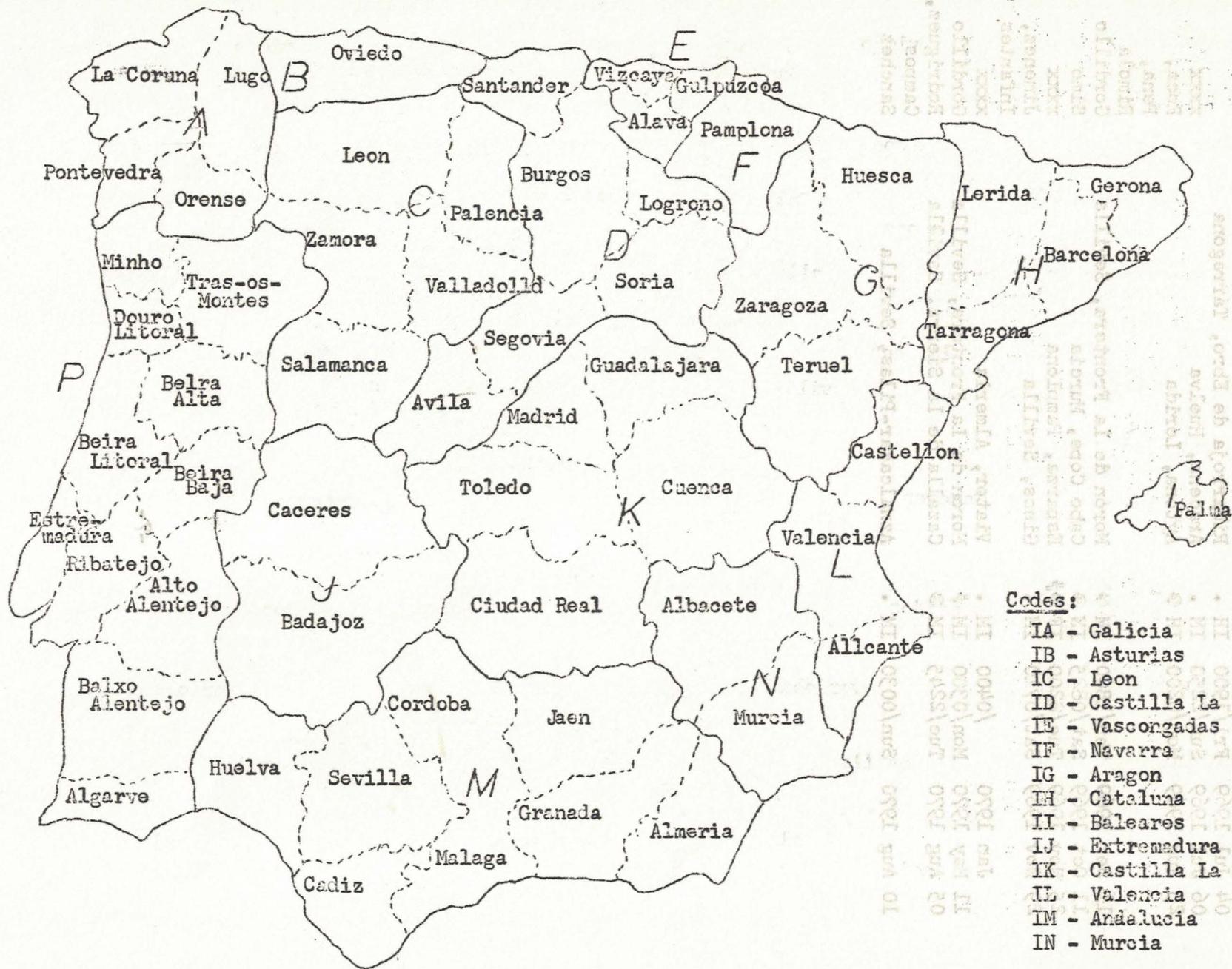
Table 2

	<u>DATE</u>	<u>DAY/TIME</u>	<u>CODING</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>WITNESSES</u>
1.	1925		IK \$	La Mancha, Toledo	
2.	25 Jul 1938	Mon/2330	IK @\$	Guadalajara, Guadalajara	XXXX
3.	22 Mar 1950	Wed	IK @	Villarta de San Juan, Ciudad Real	Nifto, Ruiz Garcia
4.	12 Apr 1950	Wed	IH .	Reus-Tarragona, Tarragona	
5.	14 Apr 1950	Fri	IH @	Camarasa, Lerida	
6.	Aug 1952	/2200	IH .	Aytona, Lerida	Vilapdell
7. 113.	01 Jul 1953	Wed/1300	IK @\$#	Villares Del Saz, Cuenca	Munoz
8.	Sep 1953		ID @	Santona, Santander	Campana
9. 278.	17 Oct 1954	Sun	IP @	Alvito, Baixo Alentejo	Madeira
10. 328.	01 Nov 1954	Mon/2240	IA @	Ordenes, La Coruna	Rubinos
11. 347.	03 Dec 1954	Fri	IJ @	Azuaga, Badajoz	
12.	06 Dec 1954	Mon/0725	IE @#	Irun, Guipuzcoa	Martinez
13.	08 Dec 1954	Wed	IG @\$#	Zuera, Zaragoza	Sevilla
14.	19 Dec 1954	Sun	IM @	Cartaya, Huelva	Moral, Riquelme
15.	05 Jan 1955	Wed/1600	IE @	Oyarzun, Guipuzcoa	Galarraga, Iraszueta
16.	Jun 1955	/0100	IA \$	Muros, LaCoruna	Aguila
17.	28 Aug 1957	Wed/0300	IP @#	Nazare, Estremadura	xxxx
18.	30 Apr 1958	Wed	IM @	El Padul, Granada	Jimenez, Sanchez
19.	Aug 1958	/1930	IM @	Pico Mulhagen, Granada	xxxx
20.	14 Jul 1959	/0000	IH .	Sues, Lerida	Domingo
21.	10 Jun 1960	Fri/0330	IP @\$	Algoz, Algarve	Sabino
22.	11 Jun 1961	Sun/2300	IM .	Cantillana, Sevilla	Darnaude
23.	Nov 1963		IH \$	Comarruga, Tarragona	Sesplugues
24.	Jul 1964	/1130	IK @#	Las Rozas, Madrid	Barcelo
25.	13 May 1965	Thu	IB @	Barzana de Quiros, Oviedo	
26. 725.	06 Feb 1966	Sun/2000	IK @#	Aluche, Madrid	Jordan, Ortuno, Ruiz
27. 769.	16 May 1966	Mon	IM @\$	Cordoba, Cordoba	Hernandez
28.	27 Jun 1966	Mon/0400	IH .#	Cistella, Gerona	Masso, Apajil, Crous
29.	01 Jun 1967	Thu/2100	IK @#	Santa Monica, Madrid	Rivero, Arbiol
30.	Jul 1967	/0300	II @\$#	Palma, Palma	Ribas
31.	07 Aug 1967	Mon/2100	IG @	Ingries, Huesca	Alcazar
32.	Sep 1967	/2130	IH \$	San Feliu de Codinas, Barcelona	Wiesenthal, Font
33.	01 Oct 1967	Sun/2230	IH @\$	Tibidabo, Barcelona	Ruiz
34.	17 Nov 1967	Fri/1300	IE .	Plencia, Vizcaya	Juanillo
35.	03 Dec 1967	Sun	IH \$#	Barcelona, Barcelona	
36.	1968		IM .	El Padul, Granada	xxxx
37.	05 Jan 1968	Fri/0815	IH @	Torrellas de Foix, Barcelona	Carbo, Aguade
38.	18 Jan 1968	Thu/1930	IM .	Umbrete, Sevilla	Gonzalez, Salado, Arcos

39.	22 Mar 1968	Mon/2000	IG @#	Candanchu, Huesca	
40.	Apr 1968		IH @\$	Tossa de Mar, Gerona	
41.	23 Jun 1968	Sun/0005	IE @	Bilbao, Vizcaya	Lesaga, Cacho, Lopez
42.	Aug 1968		IM @	Alcala de Guadaira, Sevilla	xxxx
43.	02 Aug 1968	Fri/1800	IK .	Valdemanco, Ciudad Real	Barba, Aliseda Blancafort
44.	02 Aug 1968	Fri/2344	IH .	Gallicant, Tarragona	
45.	15 Aug 1968	Thu/0030	IM @	Villaverde-Brenes, Sevilla	
46.	16 Aug 1968	Fri/0600	IH .#\$	Tivissa, Tarragona	Mateu.
47.	28 Aug 1968	Wed/1930	ID @	Ucero, Soria	Aylagas
48.	29 Aug 1968	Thu/2130	IH .	San Sadurni de Osomort, Barcelona	Sole
49.	29 Aug 1968	Thu/2140	IE @	Castrejana, Vizcaya	
50.	30 Aug 1968	Fri	IB .	Colloto, Oviedo	
51.	31 Aug 1968	Sat/2000	IM @\$#	Santiponce, Sevilla	Geniz
52.	31 Aug 1968	Sat/2300	IM .	Umbrete, Sevilla	Perejon, Macias, Lunar
53.	Sep 1968		IJ .	Valverde de Leganes, Badajoz	
54.	Sep 1968	/2200	IM .	Sierra Nevada, Granada	xxxx
55.	01 Sep 1968	Sun/0100	II .	Pollensa, Palma	Serra
56.	01 Sep 1968	Sun/2300	IB .	Norena, Oviedo	Rodriguez
57.	07 Sep 1968	Sat/2245	IB .	Arriondas, Oviedo	
58.	11 Sep 1968	Wed/2345	IH @\$#	S. Marti de Tous, Barcelona	xxxx
59.	21 Sep 1968	Sat	IH @\$	La Escala, Gerona	Ballesta
60.	21 Sep 1968	Sat/0200	IH @\$	La Llagosta, Barcelona	
61.	24 Sep 1968	Tue/2100	IA @\$#	Cedeira, La Coruna	xxxx
62.	Oct 1968	/2100	IM @	Acula, Granada	Maldonado
63.	11 Oct 1968	Fri	IH @\$	Set Cases, Gerona	
64.	14 Oct 1968	Mon/0040	IJ @	Zafra, Badajoz	Moran
65.	15 Oct 1968	Tue/2100	IM .#	Sanlucar de Barrameda, Cadiz	Sumariva
66.	17 Oct 1968	Thu/2000	IM .	Sevilla, Sevilla	Salud
67.	19 Oct 1968	Sat/0445	IH @#	Sta. Eugenia de Berga, Barcelona	
68.	24 Oct 1968	Thu/1200	IL .	Calig, Castellon	Rambla
69.	02 Nov 1968	Sat/0435	IG @	Villareal de Ebro, Zaragoza	Marti
70.	10 Nov 1968	Sun/1740	IL @	Puerto de Espadan, Castellon	Pastor
71.	14 Nov 1968	Thu/2245	IJ \$	Zafra, Badajoz	Trejo
72.	22 Nov 1968	Fri/1930	IC .	Boadilla, Del Camino, Palencia	Perez
73.	30 Nov 1968	Sat	IC @	Palencia, Palencia	
74.	10 Dec 1968	Tue	IC .	Olleros de Pisuerga, Palencia	Diez
75.	31 Dec 1968	Tue/0815	IJ .	Yuste, Caceres	Moreno
76.	Jan 1969		IM \$	Gines-Sevilla, Sevilla	Garcia, Alarcon Navarro, Morcillo
77.	02 Jan 1969	Thu/2000	IN .	Albacete, Albacete	
78.	06 Jan 1969	Mon/2100	ID .	Pontejos, Santander	xxxx
79.	15 Jan 1969	Wed	IJ \$#	Villafranca D. Los Barros, Badajoz	
80.	16 Jan 1969	Thu	IM @\$#	Las Pajanosas, Sevilla	xxxx
81.	28 Jan 1969	Tue/2230	IM .	Sanlucar de Barrameda, Cadiz	Espinar
82.	29 Jan 1969	Wed/1000	IH .#	Matadepera, Barcelona	xxxx
83.	02 Feb 1969	Sun/2100	IM .	Aroche, Huelva	Vazquez
84.	28 Feb 1969	Fri/0400	IJ @\$	Miajadas, Caceres	
85.	06 Mar 1969	Thu	IL @	Busot, Alicante	Arenillas
86.	09 Mar 1969	Sun/2200	IG .	Monreal Del Campo, Teruel	Mira
87.	12 Mar 1969		IJ .	Merida-Almendralejo, Badajoz	Marquez, Guerro

88.	25 Mar 1969	Tue/2230	IC @	Renedo de Valdavia, Palencia	Obieta
89.	11 May 1969	Sun	IC .	Sta. Catalina de Somoza, Leon	Gonzalez, Fernandez
90.	04 Jul 1969	Fri/1900	IH .	Ribarroja de Ebro, Tarragona	
91.	06 Jul 1969	Sun/2250	IM .	Aracena, Huelva	XXXX
92.	25 Aug 1969	Mon/0200	IH @	Aytona, Lerida	Roca, Pena, Rimola
93.	11 Sep 1969	Thu/1800	IM @	Moron de La Frontera, Sevilla	Gordillo
94.	11 Oct 1969	Sat/0825	IN @	Cabo Cope, Murcia	Simo
95.	25 Nov 1969	Tue/2200	IF @#	Esparza, Pamplona	XXXX
96.	29 Nov 1969	Sat/0710	IM .	Gines, Sevilla	Jimenez, Infantes
97.	Jan 1970	/0400	IM .	Viator, Almeria	XXXX
98.	11 May 1970	Mon/0300	IM.#	Moron de La Frontera, Sevilla	Gordillo
99.	05 Aug 1970	Tue/2245	IM @	Cazalla de La Sierra, Sevilla	Rodriguez, Campos
100.	10 Aug 1970	Sun/0030	IM .	Aznalcazar-Pilas, Sevilla	Sanchez





Codes:

- IA - Galicia
- IB - Asturias
- IC - Leon
- ID - Castilla La Vieja
- IE - Vascongadas
- IF - Navarra
- IG - Aragon
- IH - Cataluna
- II - Balears
- IJ - Extremadura
- IK - Castilla La Nueva
- IL - Valencia
- IM - Andalucia
- IN - Murcia
- IP - Portugal

CONCLUSION OF PART 1

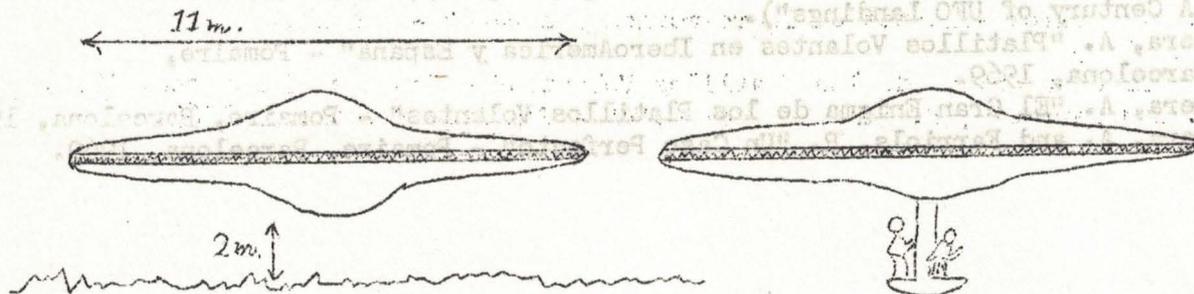
A one-year study of Iberic landings has led to the selection of a preliminary catalogue of one hundred cases and to the definition of an index suitable for rapid searching on a digital computer. The cases have been acquired by teams of investigators disseminated in many provinces of Spain, and two-thirds of the accounts come from first-hand reports. The technique used in this study is believed to have some significance because it gives investigators in the field an unprecedented level of information on past and current UFO activity in their specific area.

References:

- (1) Michel, A. "Mysterieux Objets Celestes" - Paris, Arthaud, 1958.
- (2) Vallee, J. "Passport to Magonia" - Chicago, Regnery, 1969. (Appendix entitled "A Century of UFO Landings").
- (3) Ribera, A. "Platillos Volantes en IberoAmerica y Espana" - Pomaire, Barcelona, 1969.
- (4) Ribera, A. "El Gran Enigma de los Platillos Volantes" - Pomaire, Barcelona, 1966.
- (5) Ribera, A. and Farriols, R. "Un Caso Perfecto" - Pomaire, Barcelona, 1969.

SURVEY OF IBERIC LANDINGS:
A preliminary Catalogue of 100 cases.

- 1925 La Mancha (Castilla Nueva, Spain) Approximate date. A man suddenly met a strange being, 1.20m tall, wearing a greenish uniform. The entity had rigid arms and legs, held a disk in its hands, and was propelled by another disk on which it was standing. The witness observed it from a distance of 2m. No word was exchanged. (Ribera, first-hand)
- 25 Jul 1938 Guadalajara (Spain) A military man and his assistant suddenly saw a strong white light, and then observed that it came from a dark lens-shaped object, about 11m diameter, hovering about 2m above ground 60m away. Without any noise, a sort of column started to come down and two moving silhouettes were observed on this platform. A circle of blue light was projected on the ground and focused on the witnesses, who felt a sensation of chill. The platform rose again. The two sections of the object started spinning in opposite directions. The whole craft glowed with an intense white light and flew away. The witnesses thought it was a new military device of the Germans or the Reds. (First-hand, Mr. Oscar Ray)
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GUADALAJARA
25 Jul 1938

- 22 Mar 1950 Villarta de San Juan (Ciudad Real, Spain) Two businessmen, Messrs. Julian Nieto and Gregorio Ruiz, observed a cloud-like object emitting a very bright light. Blinded, they turned on their fog headlights but appeared to collide with the object, that was seen again some distance away and came back over the car about twenty times, until they reached the town. (STENDEK no. 1, p. 17)
- 12 Apr 1950 Rues-Tarragona (Tarragona, Spain) On the road between Reus and Tarragona, two brothers named Pedro and Andres Garcia who were traveling in a light truck saw an object low over the olive trees. It was a disk-shaped craft about 1m diameter, emitting a strange luminosity. It disappeared within a few seconds, at very high speed. (El Correo Catalan, 13 Apr 1950)
- 14 Apr 1950 Camarasa (Lerida, Spain) People in Camarasa have observed a bright object coming down into the water of the lake at the hydroelectric plant "Riegos y Fuerzas del Ebro." The object was seen floating for a while, then submerged. (ABC, 15 Apr 1950)
- Aug 1952 Aytona (Lerida, Spain) Mr. Ramon Villardell, 37, and another person, were on a country road when they observed a somewhat spherical object on the ground 100 m away from them. It was about six times larger than the full moon and emitted a green and blue "vaporous" light. Estimated

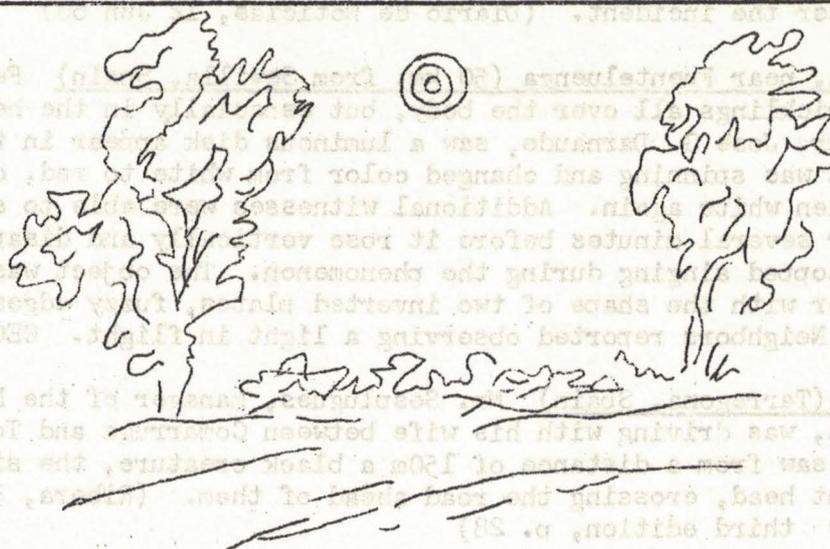
diameter 1.5m. Duration of observation 10 seconds. The witnesses were left with a feeling of amazement. (CEI, First-hand)

- 1 Jul 1953 13:00 Villares del Saz (Cuenca, Spain) An illiterate boy cowherd, M. Munoz Olivares, 14, saw "a big balloon" on the ground behind him when a faint whistling sound attracted his attention. It was shaped like a water jug and metallic. Through an opening came three dwarfs 60 cm tall, with yellow faces, narrow eyes and Oriental features. They spoke a language the boy could not understand. They were dressed in blue, had a sort of flat hat with a visor in front and a metal sheet on their arms. One of them smacked the boy's face, then they re-entered their machine which glowed very bright, made a soft whistling sound and went off "like a rocket." Footprints and four holes 5cm deep forming a perfect square 36cm per side were found by police. (Ribera, Humanoids 29, MAGONIA 113, Ofensiva 12, 16, 19 and 25 July 1953. Ballester, First-hand)
- Sep 1953 Night Santona (Santander, Spain) On a clear night, Mr. F. Campana saw a solid object rise from the sea about 3500m away and fly vertically for about one minute. It was bright blue in color. (ERIDANI)
- 17 Oct 1954 Alvito (Baixo Alentejo, Portugal) Mr. Manuel Madeira heard a noise that he thought was made by a large animal. Coming closer to see what it was, he saw an object rise from the ground vertically at high speed. (Diario de Noticias, 19 Oct. 54; MAGONIA 278)
- 1 Nov 1954 22:40 Ordenes (La Coruna, Spain) Mr. G. Rubinos Ramos, driver, stopped his car at a place called "Curva del Obispo" between Santiago and Ordenes when the gear box broke down. He sent word to La Coruna and his friends Rafael Carollo Sabell and Juan Pardo Ramos arrived about midnight to tow the vehicle away. They found Rubinos inside his car, extremely excited, the rosary in hand. He stated that a spherical object about 6m in diameter had appeared at ground level and risen while all the dogs in the vicinity were barking. That same night, radio reception was blocked and witnesses in Becerreá and Mera reported observing an unknown flying object. Rubinos is a very religious man. He has two brothers in the Jesuit Order. (Investigation by Mr. Oscar Ray, First-hand; MAGONIA 328)
- 3 Dec 1954 Azuaga (Badajoz, Spain) Twelve workers saw what they described as a square machine, 10m per side, that landed and took off at great speed, flying towards the South. (MAGONIA 347, Voz de Galicia and others, 5 Dec. 54)
- 6 Dec 1954 07:25 Irun (Quipuzcoa, Spain) Mr. Juan Martinez Portoles, 26, who lives in Renteria and works in Irun, was riding his bicycle near a place called "Loidi-Berri" when he saw a luminous round object losing altitude, coming from the sea on a N-S trajectory. The witness approached within 6m of the object when it settled on the ground, and estimated it was about 3m long and 1m high. The object had a large headlight surrounded with four fins. The witness left in great fear. He came back later with his father and observed the traces left by the object; the field was pressed and footprints about 15cm long were found, as well as some metallic samples. (Vanguardia, 8 Dec 1954)
- 8 Dec 1954 Zuera (Zaragoza, Spain) Mr. Miguel Sevilla Galvez, a hunter, who was in the Sierra de Alcubierre, reported having seen a luminous craft 20m in diameter, 4m high, with antennae and propellers, as it landed about 50m away. Two men speaking an unknown language emerged from a door that opened in it, went back into the object, the door was closed, and the craft rose vertically at extraordinary speed, with a hissing sound. (Noticiero Universal 9 Dec 54; Voz de Galicia 10 Dec 54; Amanecer 9 Dec 54)

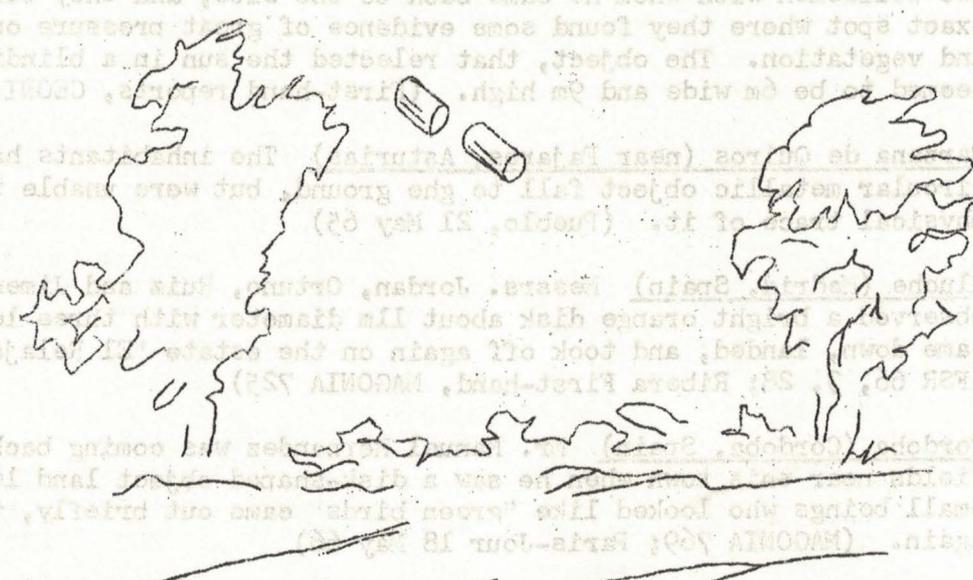
- 19 Dec 1954 Cartaya (Huelva, Spain) Messrs. M. Moral Bernal and J. Riquelme Camacho were at a place named Tavirona when they observed a circular craft on the ground 50m away. As they walked closer they were surprised to see the object rise very high with much noise, and fly away towards Portugal. (Noticiario Universal, 20 Dec 54)
- 5 Jan 1955
16:00 Oyarzun, Gainchuzriqueta (Guipuzcoa, Spain) Messrs. Feliz Galarraga, 23, and Miguel and Martin Arraspio have seen from two separate locations (railroad yard and the highway) a red globe about 2.5m diameter that came to the ground. It was metallic and very bright. Galarraga went towards it but when he was 100m away the object took off. (La Vanguardia 7 Jan 55)
- Jun 1955
01:00 Muros (La Coruna, Spain) A sailor, Mr. Juan Agulla Riveiro, was working when he suddenly saw a dwarfish being resembling a gorilla. The creature had herculean chest and arms, very small legs, and was dressed in the strangest manner, apparently wearing plastic coveralls and a hood. He held an object in his hands. The witness was paralyzed by a green light, and does not know how long this lasted. (Diez Minutos, June 55)
- 28 Aug 1957
03:00 Nazare (Estremadura, Portugal) Nineteen-year-old Carlos Roja and a girl were on the beach when they observed a dark object surrounded with a greenish light, about 200m above sea level. As it flew over them they noticed that it was perfectly circular. It came down about 5m above ground 100m away, showing a small tower and a large curved window about 3m wide, through which a yellowish light was seen. At one point the object shot a beam of green-yellow light from its base to the ground, and came lower, about 2m above the sand. After the departure of the object, traces were found over an area of four square meters, where stones and plants had vanished. (CEI, First-hand)
- 30 Apr 1958
Early Night El Padul (Granada, Spain) Messrs. Ignacio Jimenez Leyva and Torcuato Sanchez saw a very bright craft, about 10m diameter, that came to the ground on a hillside. A short time later, the strange object started rising and disappeared at fantastic speed towards Baza at high altitude, leaving a yellowish trail. (Spanish Radio Broadcast, 1 May 58)
- Aug 1958
19:30 Pico Mulhacen (Granada, Spain) On top of the "Mojon Alto" (altitude 3000m, temperature 10 to 15 deg. C, dry clear weather) three witnesses observed for nearly 15 minutes an object resting on the ground about 4 km away. It was about 8m high, shaped like a rocket, and resting on three legs. It seemed to be metallic (steel-like) and reflected light. It made no noise, and rose at increasing speed towards Alvia (CEI, First-hand)
- 14 Jul 1959
00:00 Sues (Lerida, Spain) Approximate date. Mr. Antonio Domingo, 40, has seen a spherical object surrounded by a glow on a farm 25 km from Lerida. This object was motionless at first. It started moving on a W-E direction about 15m above the ground. It illuminated the countryside "like daylight" and was seen for 10 seconds. The sound of an explosion was heard, and the witness panicked. (CEI, First-hand)
- 10 Jun 1960
03:30 Algoz (Algarve, Portugal) Mr. Carlos Sabino, 25, and his friend "Filipe" were walking near a place named Peuras when they saw something they thought was a car. However, when they saw it was disk-shaped and gave off an unusually bright light they hid themselves and were able to see half-a-dozen men around the machine. Later it left straight up and very fast. As Sabino ran to his house the object appeared again, illuminated the ground with an intense beam of light, and left. Mr. Sabino is regarded as trustworthy by those who know him, who testify to his genuine

terror after the incident. (Diario de Noticias, 12 Jun 60)

- 11 Jun 1961 23:00 Cantillana, near Fuenteluega (50 km. from Sevilla, Spain) Feeling strange pricklings all over the body, but especially in the head, the witness, Mr. Jose G. Darnaude, saw a luminous disk appear in the SW at eye level. It was spinning and changed color from white to red, orange and purple, then white again. Additional witnesses were able to see the object for several minutes before it rose vertically and disappeared. All insects stopped singing during the phenomenon. The object was about 5m in diameter with the shape of two inverted plates, fuzzy edges, no structure visible. Neighbors reported observing a light in flight. CEONI, First-hand)
- Nov 1963 Comarruga (Tarragona, Spain) Mr. Sesplugues, Manager of the Mirador Hotel in Andorra, was driving with his wife between Comarruga and Torredembarra when they saw from a distance of 150m a black creature, the size of a man but without head, crossing the road ahead of them. (Ribera, "Los Humanoides" third edition, p. 28)
- Jul 1964 11:30 Las Rozas (Madrid, Spain) A Spanish economist, Dr. Barcelo, was driving between Madrid and El Excorial when he observed a metallic disk on a hill. It was shaped somewhat like a conical section. About 4 km later, he met two policemen with whom he came back to the site, and they climbed to the exact spot where they found some evidence of great pressure on the ground and vegetation. The object, that reflected the sun in a blinding way, seemed to be 6m wide and 9m high. (First-hand reports, CEONI and ERIDANI)
- 13 May 1965 Early Barzana de Quiros (near Pajares, Asturias) The inhabitants have seen a circular metallic object fall to the ground, but were unable to find any physical trace of it. (Pueblo, 21 May 65)
- 6 Feb 1966 20:00 Aluche (Madrid, Spain) Messrs. Jordan, Ortuno, Ruiz and Jimenez have observed a bright orange disk about 11m diameter with three legs, that came down, landed, and took off again on the estate "El Relajal" (FSR 66, 3, 28; Ribera First-hand, MAGONIA 725)
- 16 May 1966 Cordoba (Cordoba, Spain) Mr. Manuel Hernandez was coming back from the fields near this town when he saw a disk-shaped object land 100m away. Small beings who looked like "green birds" came out briefly, then took off again. (MAGONIA 769; Paris-Jour 18 May 66)
- 27 Jun 1966 04:00 Cistella (Gerona, Spain) Three witnesses: Mrs. Rosa Masso, Mr. Francisco Crous and Pastor Vicente Arajil suddenly saw a stationary disk and first thought it was the moon. It came down very fast, showing fantastic colors: red, blue, green, with well-defined edges and "much prettier than a rainbow." It came to the ground about 500m away. The witnesses then thought they had seen an artificial satellite falling to earth. About 6 minutes later, a second and then a third object appeared. They were cylindrical, and dense smoke arose behind them, drying the mouth and nose of the witnesses, a feeling that lasted the whole day. No sound. One witness felt a "heat wave."
Field investigation a few days later disclosed traces in a clearing at the site. One witness (Francisco) has been very sleepy since the incident. (C. de Puig, First-hand)



CISTELLA
27 June 1966



- 1 Jun 1967 21:00 Santa Monica (Madrid, Spain) A very large lens-shaped object with a bright dome on top, emitting a yellowish light and showing an insignia on the underside, had been observed at 20:20 at low altitude by a number of people in San Jose de Valderas, where it was allegedly photographed. What appeared to be the same object landed near the restaurant "La Ponderosa" where it was seen by Mr. Manuel Rivero Ciudad and Mrs. Eugenia Arbiol de Alonso. It was circular, with windows, and was seen by Mrs. Arbiol as it came down and landed less than one minute. Traces and peculiar artifacts were noted at the site the next day. (Ribera and Farriols, "Un Caso Perfecto," pp. 127-149; FSR 69, 5)
- Jul 1967 03:00 Palma (Balears, Spain) The daughter of Count de Ribas was awakened by an intense light coming from the patio. She saw two small figures at the window, apparently speaking among themselves. They had very large heads

and huge eyes. The witness tried to turn on the light but it did not work. She went and got her coat, when she returned all had vanished, except two small footprints just outside the window. (Ribera)

7 Aug 1967 Ingries (Huesca, Spain) Mr. Fernando Alcazar Albajar, a student at Perito Industrial, was riding his motorcycle at km. 15 between Huesca and Sabinanigo, when he saw a disk twice the apparent size of the full moon, that flew about 150m above him and then landed, showing a strong white illumination. The witness panicked when the lights on the object flinked three times. It seemed that additional witnesses also saw the object. (CEI, First-hand)

Sep 1967 San Feliu de Codinas (Barcelona, Spain) Two people named Wiesenthal and Font, who were driving towards Barcelona four km. away from San Feliu de Codinas, coming from Moia, saw in the car headlights a creature with bright green skin, about 65cm tall. The creature had thick short legs. Both witnesses were shocked at the sight. (First-hand, CEI)

1 Oct 1967 Tibidabo (Barcelona, Spain) Mr. Valeriano Ruiz Fontes, 28, communications technician; suddenly observed an object he first thought to be a large Jeep. Near it were four people about 1.70m tall wearing dark uniforms and bright helmets. One could see light under the object, that must have been supported some distance above the ground. It seemed about 4.5m long, and half-a-dozen oval windows illuminated from inside were visible while on top of the object was a rectangular tower, rising about 3m above ground level. Two of the people climbed on the tower to use some mechanism. After about 30 minutes the outside light disappeared, the only illumination coming from the windows. The craft rose silently and vertically to about 180m. Two yellow lights were then observed at the ends and a reddish-orange flashing light was seen in the center. Three circular blue-green lights appeared a few moments later, a strong metallic noise was heard and the object was lost to sight towards the sea in less than 3 seconds. (CEI, Merino, First-hand)

17 Nov 1967 Plencia (Vizcaya, Spain) About ten fishermen aboard several boats in the Concha area saw an oval, dark gray object coming down at great speed. It was observed to fly up and down, sometimes at sea level and swinging from side to side. It was seen about 9 minutes less than 2km. away, until it rose at such a speed that the human eye could not follow it. (El Correo Espanol, 21 Nov. 67)

3 Dec 1967 Barcelona (Barcelona, Spain) A woman has reported seeing a strange cactus-like entity with four members, leaving deep traces. The witness does not want to comment on the case. (Ribera)

1968 El Padul (Granada, Spain) A Spanish University man, 28, was traveling with his mother when they observed a lighted object at low altitude, moving from East to West. The object was alternating in color between yellowish and bluish, and the witness chased it until he lost sight of it and stopped. Suddenly a blinding oval object flew only a few meters above the car at very high speed. Its shape was that of two domes with a spinning central section. The mother suffered a nervous breakdown and had to stay in bed for two weeks. The engine of the car could not be re-started. (Gil, First-hand)

5 Jan 1968 Torrellas de Foix (Barcelona, Spain) Mr. Jose Carbo Massague, 60, and another man, were waiting for a bus on the road between Vilafranca and Pontous, when they saw a disk-shaped object 10m diameter, resting on the

San Juan mountain about 45m from the top. It rose along a curved trajectory, flew over the top and was lost to sight behind the mountain. It was yellow, very bright. (CEI, First-hand)

- 18 Jan 1968 Umbrete (Sevilla, Spain) In an olive tree plantation named "Dehesilla," 19:30 54-year-old I. Gonzales Porrua, his son, 19, and a 33-year-old seminarist named Sabado Pichardo, who were traveling North, suddenly observed an oval object about 1.20m long, yellow and very bright, about 3.5 km away at 200m altitude. It circled and came closer, but was lost to sight behind the trees. At the same time, 13-year-old J. Arcos Roman, who was gathering grass for the cattle near a farm called "Torre Arcas" observed "a pie-shaped object with something round on top," color "between yellow and red," about 2.5 km away. It was very low in a SE direction. He observed it for 4 or 5 minutes. (Ribera, PV en Iberoamerica y Expana. Inv. by Manuel Osuna)
- 22 Mar 1968 Candanchu (near Monte Tobazo, Huesca, Spain) Over 300 people have 20:00 observed a dome-shaped object on the snow, and reported it to the military border post. The object flew away before arrival of the investigating party, leaving clear hexagonal traces. (Levante 24 Mar. 68; Las Provincias, id. Jornada, 23 Mar. 68)
- Apr 1968 Tossa de Mar (Gerona, Spain) The driver of a young people's tour observed with his passengers a bright circular object coming down in an area of pine trees. It landed and a fairly tall man was seen near it. All witnesses fled, except the driver. The occupant had a bright ball in his hand. He went around the object, re-entered it, and flew away. The witness' watch had stopped. Report to Civil Guard. (Redon, CEI)
- 23 Jun 1968 Bilbao (Vizcaya, Spain) Mr. Jose Lesaga Martinez, 58, a retired officer, 00:05 was coming back from his garage with his wife when they saw a circular object flying very fast towards the mountain. It landed 300m away and was seen surrounded by powerful red, green and yellow lights. Estimated diameter: 5m. Another witness is Mr. Florentino Lopez, 25, a student, who stated that he saw the object on the ground, illuminating an area 50m in radius. He was afraid of it and ran away, hoping to "forget the observation". (El Correo Espanol 24 June 1968, CIFA First-hand)
- Aug 1968 Alcala de Guadaira (Sevilla, Spain) The family of a Doctor who wishes Night anonymity observed on two consecutive nights an enormous reddish-orange object that arrived directly above their cabin, hovered briefly and climbed again, without any sound whatsoever. (Manuel Osuna)
- 2 Aug 1968 Valdemanco (Los Rasos, Ciudad Real, Spain) Mrs. Candida Barba and Mrs. 18:00 R. Aliseda Barba saw a rectangular object 150m away, with two windows, 9m long, 3m wide, 4m high, at ground level. It rose silently and was lost to sight over the horizon in 30 seconds in the SW. The witnesses were afraid and did not attempt to approach the object. Two "legs" situated in front of the craft formed its landing gear. (Jose Darnaude)
- 2 Aug 1968 Monte Gallicant (Los Castillejos, Tarragona, Spain) A soldier called the 23:44 witness' attention to a strange object, very bright, red, with well-defined edges, at treetop level on the mountain. It was swinging like a pendulum. Some parts of the object became dark every 15 or 20 seconds. This was observed for over 8 minutes, then the object disappeared. The witness (Pedro Blancafort Pladevall) was on watch at the barracks and could not keep the object under constant observation. (Ribera, CEI, First-hand)
- (to be continued)

FROM THE EDITOR'S DESK: The pages of the SPECIAL REPORT SECTION beginning in this issue will be independently numbered as each installment is presented. If desired, these pages may be separated from the REPORT and compiled in booklet form.

Regular DATA-NET features will be resumed upon completion of the final installment of the Iberic landings study.

DATA-NET would like to thank Dr. Jacques Vallee and Vicente Olmos for the opportunity to publish their excellent survey of 100 Iberic landings. We believe it represents a classic in objective UFO research.

The second Annual Midwest UFO Conference will be held Saturday, June 12th at the Holiday Inn (North), 4545 N. Lindbergh Blvd., St. Louis, Missouri. Mr. Stanton T. Friedman, noted UFO lecturer and frequent contributor to the pages of the DATA-NET REPORT, will be the featured speaker.

Advance reservations and additional information regarding the 1971 Midwest UFO Conference may be obtained from the UFO Study Group of Greater St. Louis, c/o Mr. Wm. F. Christian, 758 Lemay Ferry Road, St. Louis, Missouri 63125. Tickets are available for \$1.50 per session or for \$8.50 for all 3 sessions plus the banquet.

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DATA-NET opens a new column this month aimed at disseminating quickly "hot" information and preliminary findings so that our readers can follow-up or offer their own suggestions. A need for fast publication of such findings has long existed, but most major UFO magazines are dedicated to the dissemination of complete, fully-documented studies and experience delays of several months before such articles can appear. DATA-NET believes that "Research in Progress" will fill this gap and will serve UFO researchers will fast announcements of items of interest to them.

We invite our members to subscribe to the FLYING SAUCER REVIEW, where the studies discussed here will generally be submitted when they are completed.

RESEARCH IN PROGRESS

-by Dr. Jacques Vallee

PRELIMINARY CENSUS OF BRITISH LANDINGS

Table 3 is a working list of sixty-eight observations of objects seen either on the ground or at ground level in Great Britain. According to a new standard coding system, the following symbols are used:

TABLE 1

- @ object on the ground
- . object at ground level
- \$ occupant seen
- # traces left, residue, etc.

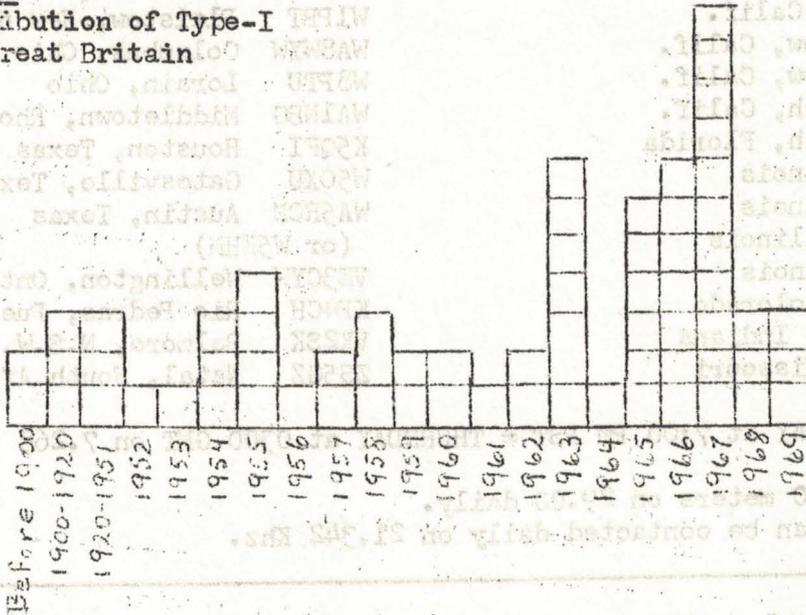
This is a preliminary catalogue only, and no effort has been made to localize precisely these cases. In spite of the great interest in UFOs in Great Britain, there has been no systematic research directed at a survey of the landings, and no comprehensive description exists. The list in Table 3 could therefore serve as a framework for some future effort.

Simple statistics have given the following results:

	Objects on the ground	Objects at ground level	No objects seen
TABLE 2 No occupant seen	23 cases	26 cases	--
Occupant seen	11 cases	3 cases	5 cases

When tallied by year, the 68 landings give the distribution of Figure 1:

FIGURE 1
Yearly distribution of Type-I reports in Great Britain



Any DATA-NET reader willing to pursue this analysis is invited to contact Mike or myself. It would be especially interesting to plot these cases precisely on a map.

TABLE 3

DATE	DAY/TIME	CODE	LOCATION
07 Dec 1872	Sat/0100	..#	Banbury
1877		\$	Aldershot (Hantshire)
Aug 1900		.	Caddwst (Wales)
18 May 1909	Tue/2300	@\$#	Caerphilly (Wales)
1916	/1200	.\$	Aldeburgh (Suffolk)
Apr 1922		@	County Donegall (Ireland)
09 Sep 1922	Sat/	@	Barmouth (Wales)
1928		@\$	Anstey Lane (Leicester)
Nov 1952		@	Dublin (Ireland)
23 Feb 1953	Mon/	@	North Berwick

20 May 1954	Thu/0200	.	Bruton (Somerset)
15 Oct 1954	Fri/	@	Southend
21 Oct 1954	Thu/1645	.\$	Ranton
16 Aug 1955	Tue/0400	\$	Bradford (England)
19 Aug 1955	Fri/2330	@	Bradford (England)
Oct 1955	/1930	@	New Galloway (Scotland)
28 Oct 1955	Fri	.	Galloway (England)
07 Sep 1956	Fri/1200	@	Moneymore (Ireland)
08 Nov 1957	Fri/	.	Edinburgh (Scotland)
18 Nov 1957	Mon/1500	\$	Aston
07 Jan 1958	Tue/	@\$	Aston
Nov 1958	/0500	@\$	Braemar (Scotland)
28 Dec 1958	Sun/	@	Portglenone (Ireland)
Jan 1959	/1715	@\$	Stratford-on-avon
Dec 1959		\$	Brocton (Staffordshire)
25 May 1960	Wed/	.	Chinthurst Hill
11 Nov 1960	Fri/	.	Warminster
03 Jul 1961	Mon/0015	.	Ryde (Isle of Wight)
09 Feb 1962	Fri/0330	.	Aston Clinton
13 Sep 1962	Thu/2320	.	Overfield
28 Jan 1963	Mon/1720	@	Shilton
07 May 1963	Tue/	.	Kirkby
14 Jul 1963	Sun/0310	@	Charlton (Wiltshire)
22 Jul 1963	Mon/2030	.	Parr
16 Nov 1963	Sat/	@\$	Saltwood
10 Dec 1963	Tue/2330	@	Cosford
27 Dec 1963	Fri/1600	@	Epping (Essex)
02 Jun 1964	Tue/1730	@\$	Leam Lane (England)
24 Apr 1965	Sun/1730	@\$	Scorton
14 Aug 1965	Sat/0200	@	Stranraer (Scotland)
21 Aug 1965	Sat/1530	.	Bury's Bridge (Eire)
14 Sep 1965	Tue/0100	.	Langenhoe (Essex)
20 Sep 1965	Mon/2030	@\$	Felixtowe (Essex)
09 Dec 1965	Thu/	.	Bath
23 Mar 1966		.	Up Holland (Great Britain)
15 Aug 1966	Mon/0200	@#	Wood Green (England)
24 Sep 1966	Sat/2120	.	Tilshead (Shrewton) (Great Britain)
05 Nov 1966		.	Tilehurst (Great Britain)
16 Nov 1966	Wed/2245	.	Caversham (Berkshire)
25 Nov 1966	/1745	.	Bricket Wood (Herts)
03 Dec 1966	Sat/	.	Northwich (Cheshire)
28 Jan 1967	Sat/1345	\$	Studham
22 Feb 1967	Wed/	@	Chippenham
31 Mar 1967	Fri/	@	Hanley
24 Jun 1967	Sat/	@	Woodford (Essex)
05 Jul 1967	Wed/	@	Clifton (Nottingham)
17 Jul 1967	Mon/	@\$	Belfast (Eire)
25 Oct 1967	Wed/2045	@	Malvern
26 Oct 1967	Thu/0430	.	Reading
28 Oct 1967	Sat/	@	South Shields (Durham)
05 Nov 1967	Sun/2330	.	Fordingbridge
16 Nov 1967	Thu/1967	@\$	Storrington
27 Apr 1968	Sat/2120	.	Bristol
26 Jul 1968	Fri/0130	.	Hilton
20 Nov 1968	Wed/1730	.\$	Hanbury
19 Jun 1969	Thu/0025	.	Bircham, 23km E. Kings Lynn (England)
15 Jul 1969	Tue/	@	Irthlingborough (Northants)
29 Aug 1969	Fri/0250	@	Tyneham (Dorset)

An item by nuclear physicist, Stanton T. Friedman, appears in the "Physics Today" magazine (Jan 1971, Vol 24 No 1), an interview with Mr. Friedman appears in the 27 Dec 1970 "Family Magazine" section of the Pittsburgh Press and another interview appears in the February issue of "Saga" magazine.

Friedman feels UFOs are extraterrestrial in origin. He is opposed to the term "UFO" and would prefer the words "earth excursion modules," or EEMs. Perhaps a new terminology would remove the science fiction onus and equate flying saucers with our lunar excursion modules (LEMs).

Stan's opinion survey on UFOs (see D-N REPORT #41, Nov 1969) was used as the subject for the monthly "Opinion Poll Questionnaire" in the Jan 1971 issue of the "Industrial Research" magazine. "Industrial Research" circulates largely among members of the research and development fields. The majority of its 360,000 readers have university degrees. We look forward to the results of the survey which should be available by next month.

28 Dec 1970 - Ingersoll, Ontario, Canada - GREEN FIREBALL PRECEDES EXPLOSION

A dynamite shed exploded on the Canada Cement Co., Ltd. property at nearby Thamesford, shattering windows up to 15 miles away. Herbert Dustin of Ingersoll said he saw a large "green ball of fire go through the air" at the time of the explosion. "It looked like a star with sharp edges." Workers at the cement plant also said they noticed a ball of fire in the sky just prior to the blast as did 12 men building an outdoor skating rink at Thamesford, 12 miles west of Woodstock. (Regina Leader Post, Sask., Canada, 28 Dec 1970 (Approx) (Cr: L. Cameron)

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